# **SAFETY DATA SHEET**

## 1 IDENTIFICATION

Product name :JP-K106

Name of company :Hitachi Industrial Equipment Systems Co., Ltd

Address :1-1, Higashitaga-cho 1-chome, Hitachi-shi, Ibaraki-ken, Japan

Tel :+81-294-36-8682 Fax :+81-294-36-8975

Recommended use of the chemical

and restrictions on use :Printing Ink for industrial Marking

## 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Physico-chemical endpoints : Flammable liquid Category 2

Acute toxicity - oral : Category 5 Acute toxicity - dermal : Category 5 Acute toxicity - inhalation(air) : Not identified Acute toxicity - inhalation (vapors) : Category 5 Acute toxicity - inhalation (dust, mist) : Not identified Skin corrosion/irritation : Category 2 Eye damage/irritation : Category 2 Sensitization - respiratory : Not identified Sensitization - skin : Not identified Germ cell mutagenicity : Not available Carcinogenicity : Category 2 Toxic to reproduction : Not available Effects on or via lactation : Not identified Specific target organ systemic toxicity : (Single exposure)

Category 1 Central nervous system

Category 2 Kidney

Category 3 Respiratory tract irritation

:(Repeated exposure)

Category 1 Systemic toxicity

Category 1 Central nervous system

Category 1 Lungs

Category 1 Peripheral nervous system

Aspiration toxicity : Category 2

Hazardous to the aquatic environment

-Acute hazard : Not available -Chronic hazard : Not available

### **GHS** label elements

Hazard symbols:



Signal word: Danger

### Hazard statement and precautionary statement:

- Highly flammable liquid and vapor
- May be harmful if swallowed
- May be harmful in contact with skin
- May be harmful if inhaled
- Causes skin irritation
- Causes serious eye irritation
- Suspected of causing cancer
- · Causes damage to central nervous system-single exposure
- May cause damage to kidney-single exposure
- May cause damage to airway irritant-single exposure
- Causes damage to Systemic toxicity, Central nervous system, Lungs or Peripheral nervous system through prolonged or repeated exposure
- May be harmful if swallowed and enters airways

## **Precautionary statements:**

 Keep out of reach of children. Read label before use. If medical advice is needed: Have product container or label at hand.

## Prevention:

- Keep away from ignition sources such as heat/sparks/open flame— No smoking.
- Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
- Wear protective gloves and eye/face protection as specified by the competent authority.
- Do not breathe dust/mist/vapors.
- Use only in a well-ventilated area. Call a doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
- Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
- Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing.
- Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### Response:

- In case of fire, use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water splay (fog) or form for extinction.
- IF SWALLOWED: Call a doctor/physician if you feel unwell. Rinse mouth.
- IF ON SKIN: Gently wash with plenty of soap and water.
- Wash/Decontaminate removed clothing before reuse.
- If skin irritation occurs, seek medical advice/attention.
- IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
- IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a doctor/physician.

Collect spillage.

## Storage:

- Store in cool/well-ventilated place. Store locked up.
- Call a doctor/physician if exposed or you feel unwell.

### Disposal:

• Waste must be disposed of according to applicable regulations.

# 3 Composition/information on ingredients

# Substance or mixture; mixture

**Composition:** 

Chemical name	concentration (%)	CAS number
2-butanone	70-80	78-93-3
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0-10	108-10-1
Carbon black	0-10	1333-86-4

#### 4 First-aid measures

#### Inhalation;

Remove the victim from the contamination immediately to fresh air. Keep the victim warm and quiet and arrange for transport to the neatest medical facility for examination and treatment by a physician as soon as possible.

### Skin contact;

Remove all contaminated clothing, shoes and socks from the affected areas as quickly as possible. Wash the affected area under running water using a mild soap. If irritation persists, arrange for transport to the nearest medical facility for examination and treatment by a physician as soon as possible.

### Eve contact:

Gently rinse the affected eyes with clean water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if easily possible. and refer for medical attention.

## Ingestion;

Never give anything by mouth to someone who is unconscious or convulsing. If the victim is responsive, give him one or two glasses of water. And refer for medical attention.

## 5 Fire-fighting measures

# Suitable extinguishing media;

Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water splay (fog) or form.

# Fire fighting procedures;

Use water spray to cool fire-exposed surfaces and to protect personnel. Shut off "fuel" to fire. If a leak or spill has not ignited, use water spray to disperse the vapors.

Avoid spraying water directly into storage containers due to danger of boil over.

## Unusual fire/explosion hazard;

Flammable liquid, can release vapors that form flammable mixtures at temperatures at or above the flashpoint.

# Special protective equipment and precautions for fire fighters;

Fire fighters should wear boots, overalls, gloves, eye and face protection and breathing apparatus.

#### 6 Accidental release measures

Shut off all sources of ignition; No smoking or flames in area. Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in closed containers using non-sparking tools. Flush residual spill (area) with copious amounts of water.

# 7 Handling and storage

## Handling;

Use only in the well-ventilated areas.

Make available in the work area emergency shower and eyes wash.

Avoid contact with skin or eyes.

## Storage;

Close up the container and keep it in dark cool(0~20°C) place. Keep away from combustible materials and sources of ignition.

# 8 Exposure controls/personal protection

# **Exposure guidelines:**

ACGIH TLV-TWA (ppm)

2-butanone :200 4-Methyl-2-pentanone :50 Carbon black :3.5mg/cm²

ACGIH STEL(ppm)

2-butanone :300 4-Methyl-2-pentanone :75

Carbon black :None known

# 9 Physical and chemical properties

**Appearance** 

Physical state :Liquid
Color :Black
Odor :Solvent odor

Boiling point<sup>2)</sup>  $:80^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (2-butanone)}$  Flash point  $:-5.3^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ (closed cup)}$ 

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits<sup>2)</sup> :Lower 1.8 vol%, Upper 11.5 vol% (2-butanone)

Vapor pressure<sup>2)</sup> :10.5kPa (20°C) (2-butanone)

Vapor density  $(Air=1)^{2}$  :2.41 (2-butanone)

Relative density :0.86(20°C)

Solubility (Water)<sup>2)</sup> :29g/100mL (20°C) (2-butanone)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water<sup>2)</sup> :0.29 (2-butanone) Auto-ignition temperature<sup>2)</sup> :505°C (2-butanone)

Decomposition temperature

:No data

# 10 Stability and reactivity

Stability: The product is stable.

Conditions and materials to avoid: Not available

Hazardous decomposition products: These products are carbon oxides

# 11 Toxicological information

## **Acute toxicity:**

2-butanone

LD50(orl,rat): 2737mg/kg(TXAPA9 19, 699, 1971) LCLo(ihl,rat): 23500mg/m³/8h(AIHAAP 20, 364, 1959) LD50(skin,rabbit): 6480mg/kg(SHELL\* MSDS-5390-4) TCLo(ihl,human): 1000mg/m³(VCVGK\* -, 417, 1994) LDLo(orl,human): 714.3mg/kg(VCVGK\* -, 417, 1994)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

LD50(orl,rat): 2080mg/kg(UCDC\*\* 4/25/1958) LD50(orl,rat): 4600mg/kg(VCVGK\* -, 426, 1994) LC50(ihl,rat): 100mg/m³(NTIS\*\* OTS0535383) LD50(orl,mouse): 2850mg/kg(VCVGK\* -, 426, 1994) TCLo(ihl,human): 12mg/m³(GISAAA 5, 8, 1994)

LD50(orl,rat): 2919mg/kg(Calculated)

LD50(skin,rabbit): 3000mg/kg(CERI Hazard data sheet, 2000)

LC50(ihl,rat): 2000ppm(Calculated)

Carbon black None known

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

2-butanone

Skin; rabbit; 402mg/24h; Mild(TXAPA9 19, 276, 1971)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Skin; rabbit; 500mg/24h; Mild(85JCAE -, 284, 1986)

Carbon black None known

# Serious eye damage/irritation:

2-butanone

Eye; rabbit; 80mg(TXAPA9 19, 276, 1971)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Eye; rabbit; 40mg; Severe(UCDC\*\* 4/25/1958) Eye; human; 200ppm/15h(JIHTAB 28, 262, 1946)

rabbit; No irritation(ECETOC TR48,1992: CERI Hazard data sheet, 2000: PATTY 4th, 1994)

Carbon black None known

### Respiratory or skin sensitization:

2-butanone
Not available
4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Not available

Carbon black

None known

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

2-butanone

Reverse mutation assay in S.typhimuriun and E.coli; Negative

Sex chromosome loss and nondisjunction; S.cerevisiae; 33800ppm(MUREAV 149, 339, 1985)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Not available

Carbon black

None known

### Carcinogenicity:

2-butanone

Not available

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Not available

Carbon black

None known

### Reproductive toxicity:

2-butanone

TCLo(ihl,rat): 2900mg/m³(female 6-10 D preg); Specific Developmental Abnormalities - craniofacial(VCVGK\* -, 418, 1994)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

TCLo(ihl,rat): 300ppm/6h(female 6-15 D preg)(FAATDF 8, 310, 1987)

Carbon black
None known

### **STOST-single exposure:**

2-butanone

The influence of the central nervous system, rat/mouse(EHC 143, 1992; PATTY 4th, 1994; IRIS 2003)

The influence of kidny, oral, rat(DFGOT vol 12,1999; IRIS 2003; ATSDR 1992)

The respiratory tract irritation, human (ACGIH 7th, 2001; DFGOT vol 12,1999; PATTY 4th, 1994; ATSDR 1992)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Human; ihl, The central nervous system symptom is admitted because of anesthetic actions such as the respiratory tract irritation, the mucosa irritations, and the headache, the dizziness, and the vomituritions. (CERI hazard data sheets, 2000: EHC 117,1990: ACGIH 7th, 2001: DFGOT vol.13, 1999: PATTY 4th, 1994: IRIS, 2003)

Animal; anesthetic action(IRIS, 2003: EHC 117,1990: DFGOT vol.13, 1999: PATTY 4th, 1994)

Carbon black

None known

# STOST-repeated exposure:

2-butanone

The sensory paralysis of hand and arm, human(EHC 143, 1992; DFGOT vol 12, 1999; IRIS 2003) The damage of central nervous system, human(DFGOT vol 12, 1999; IRIS 2003)

4-Methyl-2-pentanone

Human; repeated exposure, Various symptoms were admitted for which target organs such as the feelings of weakness, the headache, the burning sensation in eye, the stomachache, nausea and vomitings, and the sore throat were not able to be specified. (EHC 117,1990: DFGOT vol.13, 1999: CERI Hazard data sheets, 2000)

Carbon black
None known

### **Aspiration hazard:**

2-butanone
 Not available4-Methyl-2-pentanone
 Not availableCarbon black
 None known

# 12 Ecological information

# Ecotoxicity<sup>1)</sup>:

2-butanone mosquito fish(96h-LC50(mg/L)):5600 daphnids(48h-LC50(g/L)):>1000 4-Methyl-2-pentanone

LC50(goldfish): 460mg/L/24h

EC50(daphnids): 170mg/L/48h ( Shell Nederland Chemie B.V)

Carbon black None known

## Persistence and degradability:

2-butanone
Not available
4-Methyl-2-pentanone
This material is biodegradable.
Carbon black
None known

## Bioaccumulative potential:

2-butanone
Not available
4-Methyl-2-pentanone
Not available
Carbon black
None known

### Mobility in soil:

2-butanone
Not available
4-Methyl-2-pentanone
Not available
Carbon black
None known

## 13 Disposal considerations

Scrap materials may be disposed by licensed contractor or burned in an approved incinerator.

Do not dump into sewer, on the ground or into any body of water.

Follow national and local regulations.

# 14 Transport information

Follow all regulations in your country.

UN Number :1210

UN Proper Shipping Name :Printing ink, flammable Transport hazard class :Class 3(Flammable liquid)

Packing Group : II Environmental hazards :No

# 15 Regulatory information

Follow all regulations in your country.

Content of RoHS Directive material Cd<100ppm Pb, Hg, Hexavalent Cr, PBB, PBDE<1000ppm

### 16 References

- 1) Results of Eco-toxicity tests of chemicals conducted by Ministry of the Environment in Japan
- 2) International Chemical Safety Cards